

# The Hilltop Institute

Utilization Trends in Medicaid-Reimbursed Doula Services and Out-of-Pocket Cost Savings in Maryland

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## Thank you!

### **Collaborators**











### **Community Partners**







The Hilltop Institute



UMBC

**Our Amazing Community Advisory Board!** 

### **Funding**



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Other Support







## Doula Care to Address Disparities in Maternal Health

### Doulas → non-clinical health care personnel

 Physical, emotional, and informational support before, during, after birth

# Doula care → improved outcomes in low-income and BIPOC birthing parents

- Birthing person (e.g., ↓ c-section rates)
- Infant (e.g., ↓ pre-term birth rates)

### Barriers to utilization of doula care

- Cost of services, not covered by insurance
- Doula training requirements, available workforce

Knocke et al., 2022, ASPE; Kozhimannil et al., 2013, Am J Public Health; Ogunwole et al., 2022, Women's Health Issues; Safon et al., 2021, Health Affairs Forefront





## Medicaid Coverage of Doula Services

### Medicaid coverage of doula services:

- 13 states + DC as of Jun 2024
- Varying program features (i.e., services covered, reimbursement amounts, training requirements)
- Strategy for ↓ maternal health disparities &
   ↑ maternal health, but no systematic evaluation

### Maryland Medicaid Doula Program (MMDP)

- Started Feb 2022
- Covers doula support during labor/delivery+ 8 visits (prenatal or postpartum)

https://healthlaw.org/doulamedicaidproject/ https://health.maryland.gov/mmcp/medicaid-mch-initiatives/Pages/DoulaProgram.aspx





## Research Question & Methods



Analysis of Maryland
Medicaid Data
Encounters with a HCPCS
code for doula service

<u>Dates</u>: Feb 2022 – Mar 2024

Cost Data: MMDP program manual & doulamatch.net



Who is using MMDP services, when are they being used, and where?



**Out-of-Pocket (OOP) Cost Savings** 

How much are birthing parents saving relative to self-pay and Medicaid?





# Birthing People Using Doula Services

| /IMDP Doula<br>Sample<br>84 | All Medicaid<br>Births*<br>27,579 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 84                          | 27,579                            |
|                             |                                   |
|                             |                                   |
| 71%                         | 44%                               |
| 29%                         | 56%                               |
| 30.95 (5.10)                | 28.70 (6.08)                      |
|                             | 29%                               |

<sup>\*</sup>Demographic data for all Maryland Medicaid births from CDC Wonder #Individual group percentages suppressed due to small cell sizes (<11 people)

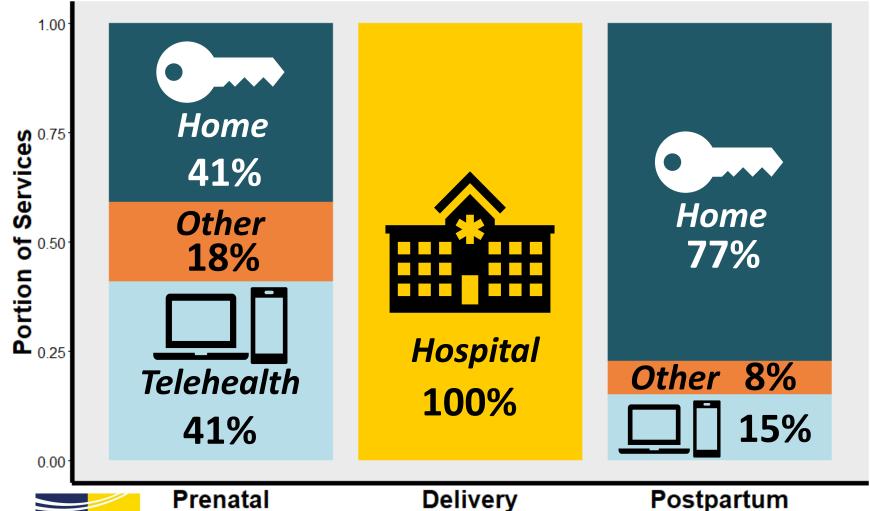
| Neighborhood Characteristic+             | Median | Min  | Max  |
|--|--------|------|------|
| Relative Population Density (More Urban) | 0.63   | 0.04 | 0.99 |
| Social Vulnerability Index               | 0.60   | 0.02 | 0.99 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>At the census tract level; on a 0-1 scale relative to other Maryland census tracts





## Doula services were used across the perinatal period & in multiple settings.



### **First Encounter:** September 2022

| Total      | 313      |
|------------|----------|
| Postpartum | 92 (29)  |
| Delivery   | 32 (11)  |
| Prenatal   | 188 (60) |
| Service    | N (%)    |



MedStar Health

# Out-of-Pocket Cost Savings for Birthing Parents, but Differential Reimbursement Rates

MedStar Health

|            |        | Self-Pay Rate          |            |   | Medicaid Rate  |              |          |
|------------|--------|------------------------|------------|---|----------------|--------------|----------|
| Service    | Median |                        | Min        | Max   | Median         | Min          | Max      |
| Prenatal   | \$9    | 4.27                   | \$47.14    | \$377.08  | \$132.96       | \$16.62      | \$531.84 |
| Delivery   | \$1,4  | 13.34                  | \$1,413.34 | 4 \$1,413.34  | \$800.00       | \$300.00     | \$800.00 |
| Postpartum | \$9    | 4.27                   | \$47.14    | \$565.63  | \$156.96       | \$39.24      | \$941.76 |
| Servio     | ce     | Self-                  | Pay Rate   |   | Medicaid       | Rate         |          |
| Prenatal   |        | <b>\$47.14</b> /visit  |            | Up to <b>\$66.48/visit</b> ( <i>\$16.62/unit, max 4 units/visit</i> ) |                |              |          |
| Delivery   |        | \$1413.34              |            | <b>\$800</b> (initially \$300)  |                |              |          |
| Postpart   | um     | \$ <b>47.14</b> /visit |            | Up to <b>\$78.48/visit</b> ( <i>\$19.62/unit, max 4 units/visit</i> ) |                |              |          |
| Max        | Total  | \$1.                   | 790.46     | Ś:  | 1,331.84 – \$2 | <br>1.427.84 |          |



## Results Summary

# Birthing parents using doula services

- Predominantly Black
- Live in <u>more urban</u>
   neighborhoods with
   <u>higher levels</u> of social
   vulnerability

# Services used across perinatal period

- Delayed uptake
- Telehealth used more during prenatal period
- Postpartum services primarily used at home

# OOP savings for birthing parents

- Benefits birthing parents
- Reimbursement rate differences
- Deeper understanding & context from community feedback

Access for communities with historically lower use of doula care who experience poor maternal health outcomes due to systemic inequities





### **Next Steps**

# Build on current conclusions and interpretations based on expertise from the community:

- Community advisory board
- Community forum

# Continue evaluating other research questions from full grant:

- Qualitative interviews with key informants about their experiences with the MMDP
  - Doulas, policy & practice leaders, Medicaid-insured birthing parents
- Impact of MMDP on racial disparities in maternal & infant health outcomes





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