

analysis to advance the health of vulnerable populations

### Hospital Community Benefit: A Policy Lever for States

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#### **Overview**

- Hospital Community Benefit and the "Cost" of Tax Exemption
- Using Hospital Community Benefit as a Policy Lever
- Federal Community Benefit Requirements
- State Community Benefit Requirements
- Policy Options
- Regulatory Tools, Approaches, and Policy Levers
- How to Get Started



## Hospital Community Benefit and the "Cost" of Tax Exemption





#### Sources of Hospital Community Benefit Funds



There are about 2,900 nongovernment, nonprofit community hospitals in the United States.

Source: AHA Hospital Statistics, 2014.

http://www.aha.org/research/rc/stat-studies/fast-facts.shtml



### "Cost" of Federal Tax Exemption

Total federal benefits	\$6.1 billion
Deductibility of charitable contributions	\$1.8 billion
Tax-exempt debt (bond financing)	\$1.8 billion
Federal income tax	\$2.5 billion

Source: Congressional Budget Office, 2006 (based on 2002 data, the most recent data available)



#### "Cost" of State Tax Exemption

Total state & local benefits	\$6.4 billion
State & local property tax	\$ 3.1 billion
State sales tax	\$ 2.8 billion
State corporate income tax	\$ 0.5 billion

Source: Congressional Budget Office, 2006 (based on 2002 data, the most recent data available)



#### **Community Benefits**

In exchange for tax exemption, nonprofit hospitals are expected to provide "community benefits"

### What Are Hospital Community Benefits?

Hospital Community Benefits are initiatives, activities, and investments undertaken by tax-exempt hospitals to improve health in the communities they serve.



### Federal Community Benefit Objectives

- Educate the public
- Improve access to health services
- Enhance public health
- Advance generalizable knowledge
- Relieve government burden to improve health



## Using Hospital Community Benefit as a Policy Lever



#### **What States Are Doing**

Several states are presently using hospital community benefit as a policy lever to advance state health goals and population health.



### Maryland: Attention to Health Disparities

"Each nonprofit hospital ...community benefit report ....

- (2) ...shall include: ...
  - (vi) A description of gaps in the availability of specialist providers to serve the uninsured in the hospital; and
  - (vii) A description of the hospital's efforts to track and reduce health disparities in the community that the hospital serves..."

Md. Code. Ann. Health-Gen.,§19-303(c)



### New Hampshire: Non-Clinical Reporting

#### **COMMUNITY BENEFIT REPORTING FORM**

500 - Socioeconomic Issues: General

- 501 Aging Population
- 502 Immigrants/Refugees
- 503 Poverty
- 504 Unemployment
- 505 Homelessness
- 506 Economic Development
- 507 Educational Attainment
- 508 High School Completion
- 525 Vandalism/Crime
- 553 Air quality
- 554 Water quality



### Washington State: Demonstrate Effectiveness

Washington state requires that hospitals' community benefit programs must be evidence-based "when available" or that innovative programs and practices must be supported by evaluation measures

2012 Wash. Laws, Ch. 103



#### New York: Required Alignment with Some State Policies

### New York Prevention Agenda 2014-2017 Five Priority Areas:

- Prevent chronic diseases
- Promote healthy and safe environments
- Promote healthy women, infants, and children



## New York: Required Alignment with Some State Policies

- Promote mental health and prevent substance abuse
- Prevent HIV, sexually transmitted diseases, vaccine-preventable diseases, and healthcare-associated infections



#### **Converging Factors**

- The levels of uncompensated care are decreasing in at least some Medicaid expansion states, possibly freeing up hospital resources that could be used for community benefit investments that align with state health priorities.
  - Governing Magazine, June 17, 2014; Arizona Star Daily ,July 4, 2014; Colorado Health Association, Center for Health Information and Data Analytics, June 2014

#### Converging Factors continued

Although hard data is not yet available, it is expected that Qualified Health Plans in both expansion and non-expansion states should also reduce levels of uncompensated care.



#### Converging Factors continued

Healthy People 2020, the Affordable Care Act, and the National Prevention Strategy (a plan designed to move the nation "from a system of sick care to one based on wellness and prevention") all evidence the importance of using government policies to improve health.



## Federal Community Benefit Requirements



### Tax Exemption for Charitable Institutions

- IRS first articulated federal community benefit requirements in 1969. IRS Rev. Rul. 69-545
- The public policy rationale behind it has been traced back to the 17<sup>th</sup> century



#### IRS Form 990, Schedule H

- Charity care
- Medicaid shortfall
- Community health improvement services

- Health professionsEducation
- Research
- Cash & in-kind contributions for community benefit

### **State Community Benefit Requirements**





#### **State Community Benefit Laws**

State are not required to defer to federal tax exemption standards

State laws can be more or less restrictive



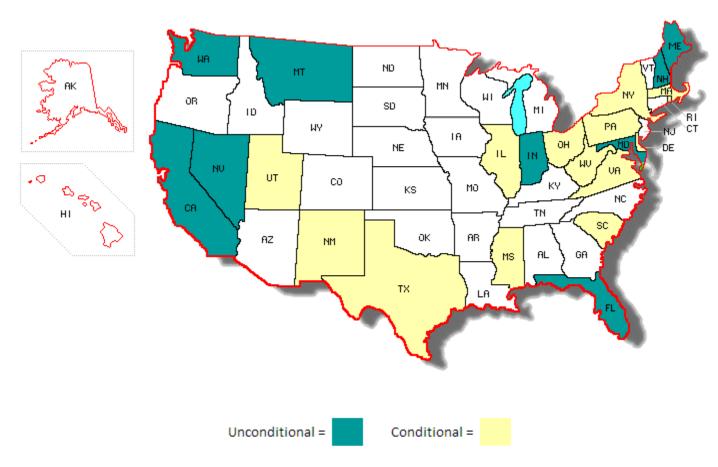
# State Community Benefit Laws Viewed through the Lens of the Federal Framework



### **State Profile Comparison**

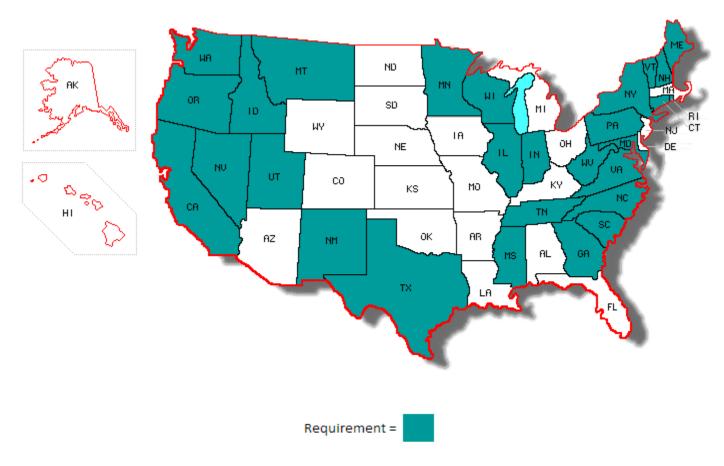
Compare	State	Community Benefit Requirement	Mandatory Minimum Community Benefit Requirement	Community Benefit Reporting Requirement	Community Health Needs Assessment	Benefits Plan/ Implementation	Financial Assistance Policy	Financial Assistance Policy Dissemination	Limitations on Charges, Billing, and Collections
	Select:	• 0							
	Alabama								
	Alaska								
	Arizona								
	Arkansas								
	California	•							
	Colorado								
	Connecticut								
	Delaware	0							
	Florida	•							
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## Community Benefit Requirement



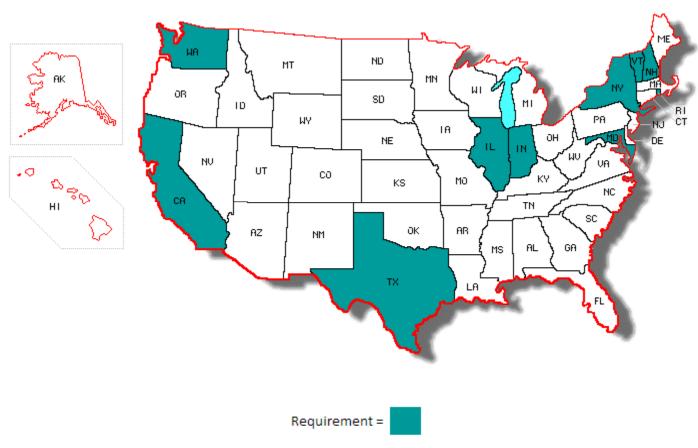


## **Community Benefit Reporting Requirement**



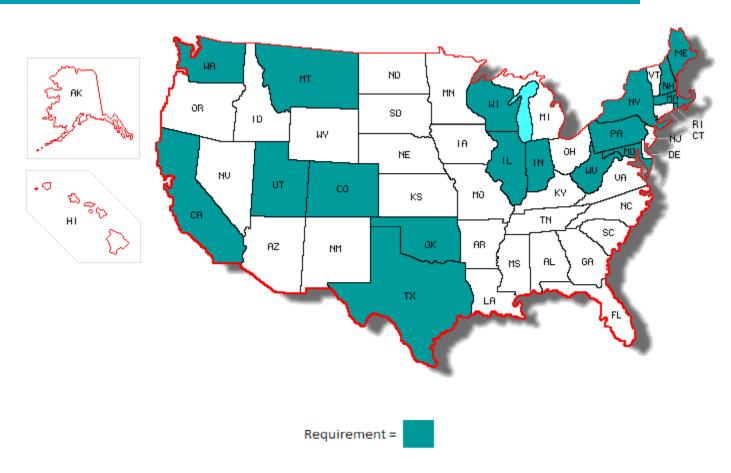


### **Community Health Assessments**& Implementation Strategies



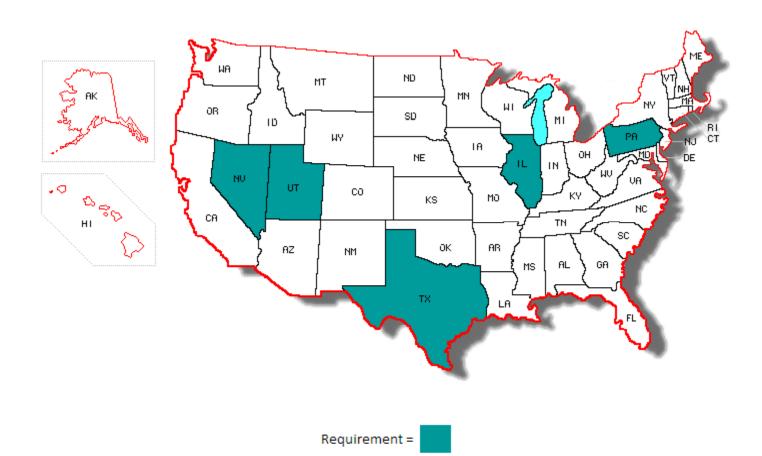


### Financial Assistance Policy Requirement



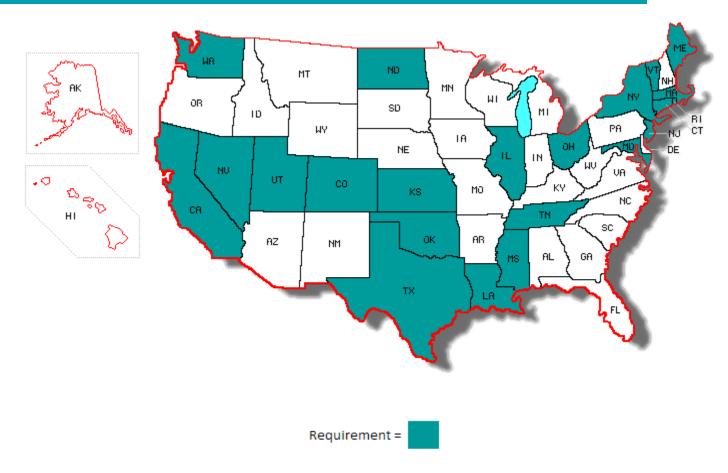


### Mandatory Minimum Community Benefit Requirement





### Limitations on Charges, Billing, and Collections





### One State's Profile

#### **RHODE ISLAND**

#### Community Benefit Requirement

Rhode Island requires hospitals to provide charity care, uncompensated care, and other community benefits as a condition of licensure.

Rhode Island has established statewide standards for the provision of charity care, uncompensated care, and community benefits as conditions of initial and continued hospital licensure and for hospital conversions. R.I. Gen. Laws §23-17-43; 23-17 R.I. Code R. §8.7; 23-17.14 R.I. Code R. §811.0 – 11.6.

Rhode Island's hospital licensing regulations expressly require that hospital charity and uncompensated care and community benefit standards be consistent with the rules and regulations applicable to hospital conversions. 23-17 R.J. Code R. §8.7. These define "community benefit" broadly to include the provision of hospital services that meet the community's needs, charity care, uncompensated care, programs to meet the needs of medically indigent individuals, non-revenue producing programs available in the community (e.g., health screenings or transportation services), scientific or medical research, education activities, forming linkages with community partners focused on improving community health, and engaging in community health advocacy. 23-17.14 R.I. Code R. §1.9.

#### **Minimum Community Benefit Requirement**

Rhode Island does not specify a minimum level of community benefits that hospitals must provide.

#### **Community Benefit Reporting Requirement**

Rhode Island law requires hospitals to submit annual community benefit reports to the Director of the Department of Health (Director).

The reports must include detailed descriptions, with supporting documentation, of the costs of charity care, bad debt, and contracted Medicaid shortfalls. R.J. Gen. Laws Ann. § 23-17.14-15(d). If the Department of Health receives "sufficient information" indicating that a licensed hospital is not in compliance with state community benefit standards, then the Director is required to hold a hearing, issue written findings, and impose appropriate penalties. R.I. Gen. Laws Ann. § 23-17.14-15(e).

#### Community Health Needs Assessment

Rhode Island requires hospitals to develop a formal Board-approved community benefit plans that includes a comprehensive assessment of the health care needs of its community.



### **Policy Options**



### Policy Options Directed Toward Addressing Clinical Factors

States can use Hospital Community Benefit oversight to advance state health policies with respect to:

- Patient care
  - Increasing access to health care
  - Preventative services to prevent and control chronic conditions such as high blood pressure and diabetes



### Policy Options Directed Toward Addressing Clinical Factors

continued

- Behavioral Health
  - Mental health
  - Substance abuse
- Health Behaviors
  - Tobacco cessation
  - Active living
  - Healthy food choices



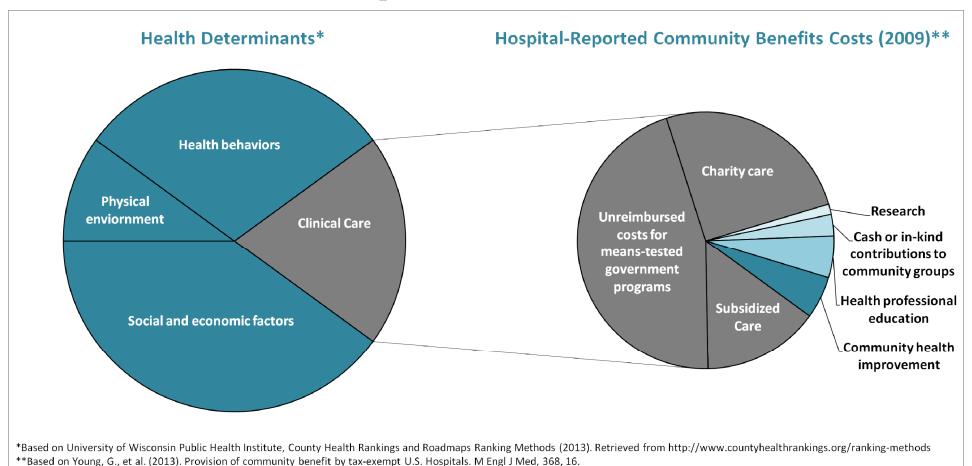
### Policy Options Directed Toward Addressing Health Determinants

- Income
- Education
- Employment
- Community safety
- Healthy foods
- Physical environment
- Access to recreational facilities

- Socioeconomic conditions
- Housing
- Transportation options
- Race & ethnicity
- Language
- Literacy
- Culture
- Social cohesion & supports



# Health Determinants Compared to Hospital-Reported Community Benefit Expenditures



## Regulatory Tools, Approaches, and Policy Levers



### **Examples of Regulatory Tools in Selected States**

#### Statutes and/or Regulations

 California, Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Rhode Island, Utah

### Express Policy Guidance

Massachusetts, New York

### Community Benefit Reporting Documents

Maryland, New Hampshire



### State Entities that Oversee Hospital Community Benefit

- Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (California)
- Office of the Attorney General Illinois Massachusetts (voluntary requirements) New Hampshire
- Health Services Cost Review Commission (Maryland)
- Utah State Tax Commission, Property Tax Division



### Policy Levers in Use by States

- Community Benefit Requirements
- Community Benefit Reporting Requirements
- Community Health Needs Assessment Requirements
- Implementation Strategy Requirements
- Financial Assistance Requirements



### Policy Levers in Use by States continued

- Mandatory Minimum Community Benefit Requirements
- Limitations on Charges, Billing & Collections
- Community Engagement Requirements
- Health Disparities Reporting Requirements
- Health Determinants Requirements
- Evidence-of-Effectiveness Requirements



#### **How to Get Started**

- Confirm whether and how your state is presently exerting oversight authority over hospital community benefit. If it is not doing so, consider whether oversight authority would be desirable and how it might be established.
- Determine which state health policies, if any, your state might seek to advance through hospital community benefit.



#### How to Get Started continued

- Consider whether your state would seek to require—or merely encourage—inclusion of the state health policy goal(s) in the community benefit process.
- Determine whether legislative or executive branch officials might be best suited to lead state efforts.



#### How to Get Started continued

- Convene stakeholders to explore opportunities to harmonize state health goals with community benefit processes.
- Consider the experiences of other states, and lessons learned.

## **About Hilltop's Hospital Community Benefit Program**

Hilltop's Hospital Community Benefit Program is a central resource for state and local policymakers who seek to ensure that tax-exempt hospital community benefit activities are responsive to pressing community health needs. The program provides tools to these and other stakeholders in support of their efforts to improve population health and to promote a more accessible, coordinated, and equitable community health system.

http://www.hilltopinstitute.org/hcbp.cfm



### **About The Hilltop Institute**

The Hilltop Institute at the University of Maryland, Baltimore County (UMBC) is a nationally recognized research center dedicated to improving the health and wellbeing of vulnerable populations. Hilltop conducts research, analysis, and evaluations on behalf of government agencies, foundations, and nonprofit organizations at the national, state, and local levels.

www.hilltopinstitute.org



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